

MAXIMIZING DATA CENTER UPTIME WITH BUSINESS CONTINUITY PLANNING

TECHNICAL WHITEPAPER

Double-Take Software, Inc. Published: March 2008

Abstract

Next to ensuring the safety of your employees, the next most important business continuity task is resuming business critical operations. Keeping servers highly available and easily manageable is likely what keeps most data center managers up at night. There is a higher probability that most data centers will be affected by a virus, hardware failure, power failure or upgrade gone wrong than by a disastrous weather-related event like wind, fire or rain. However, having a co-location and planning for the smallest interruption of business operations will help ensure your ability to provide the same level of service in any circumstance.

Introduction

As with any successful Business Continuity Plan (BCP), executive-level support is crucial. But once the company has decided move forward with a comprehensive plan it is often left to the BCP team members to fill in the details. The support of the company and development of a mission statement that reinforces a commitment to the BCP can come in handy later on should the initial risk assessment return a higher cost than anticipated. Those costs can, and often do, include creating a co-location facility in order to resume business operations and provide the same level of service to both employees and customers in any circumstance.

The typical business continuity objective is to resume business operation to a functional level. This means providing only the necessary assets to keep the company operations moving forward. For some businesses this is perfectly acceptable, especially for smaller operations where there may be only a handful of servers to bring online (and not multinational locations and thousands of employees). But for Fortune 500 companies, functional operation may not be acceptable. Gartner Group reports that larger companies can lose more than \$42,000 per hour when operations are down, while other studies show the cost of lost data is nearly \$10,000 per megabyte¹. If operations are down longer than 48 hours, there is a high probability that the company may not be able to recover, and certainly won't be competitive. In fact, the U.S. National Fire Protection Agency reports that 43% of companies never resume business following a fire. Another 35% are out of business in three years². Herein lie the benefits and cost justification for a data center co-location facility. Duplicating the most business-critical systems will not only help reduce the possibility of a single point of failure in a disaster, it also eases the responsibilities of the data center manager by allowing them to be prepared for any outage - planned or unplanned.

Finding a Co-location Facility

So, where to begin? Let's assume you have a business continuity plan with executive approval, and a budget for the project. Now how do you find a co-location facility designed not only for disaster recovery but also for maximizing uptime for business-critical systems? When looking for a co-location facility there are a few factors to consider such as location, accessibility and how you will duplicate your entire data center configuration.

The co-location should be within driving distance, as your data center team will likely need to make frequent trips to set up hardware or infrastructure. (This is what distinguishes a co-location facility from a disaster recovery facility, as disaster recovery facilities are usually much farther away). Also, typically a disaster recovery facility does not have the infrastructure in place to begin resuming operations right away. Depending on service level agreements, you may need to have hardware drop shipped, before you can begin the process of restoring images from tape or other means. The co-location facility is really a hot site, completely duplicated and ready to go at a moments notice. This ability provides true benefit to the company, not only from a disaster recovery stand point but also in the ability to better manage the data center day-to-day operations.

Using Double-Take to Create a Co-location Facility

Once the hardware and infrastructure are in place the next step in the co-location setup is to transfer the systems. Using a continuous data protection product such as Double-Take enables you to begin replicating data from one or many locations and allows you to decide when you are ready to switch over (and eliminate dependence on the last backup completed). The next task is to determine when you want to bring servers online, test or configure them. Most likely the data center manager's goal when creating a co-location will be to move a very complex web of data and applications (including Exchange Server 2003, BlackBerry® Enterprise Server, OpenText, Elite®, PeopleSoft®, Windows File® Sharing and multiple custom applications) without users experiencing any downtime.

1. Smith, David M. "The Cost of Lost Data." Graziadio Business Report Vol. 6 No. 3. 2. www.nfpa.org

Protect Your Business Critical Servers First

Starting with a phased approach will help you protect your most business-critical servers first and steadily get the co-location created as you roll out less critical servers. When the servers are in place at the co-location facility you can install Double-Take® to begin the replication process to transfer the data. Depending on the amount of data you have and bandwidth available, the length of this process will vary. However, because you aren't tied to an outage window and

there isn't any downtime or user interruption, you no longer need to worry about how long the transfer process takes. Because you are using Double-Take world-class replication technology you are assured to capture what ever changes are made to your production data.

Consolidating Exchange for Centralized Management

One of the options you may want to consider with your business continuity team when building the co-location is whether you should centralize your operations from your other sites. This provides several benefits:

Centralized Management – consolidating and

centralizing remote Exchange servers reduces the need to have a separate set of Exchange experts at each location for regular maintenance. It also makes it more efficient for a centralized management team to maintain your primary communication and maximize uptime.

Clustering – Consolidating multiple single standalone Exchange servers also provides the ability to implement a cost- effective high availability solution. Microsoft Cluster Services is a good option, as all the Exchange servers could be placed on a multi-node Exchange cluster to help maximize that uptime for your most business critical servers.

Bandwidth – Bandwidth between the two facilities is important, especially if you are implementing across a WAN or split node cluster. MSCS requires a 500ms round trip heartbeat to maintain the integrity of the communication between the nodes of the cluster.

However, replicating data using Double-Take is less restrictive because of the built-in compression algorithm - reducing SQL® Server and Exchange transactions by as much as 80%, and file servers anywhere from 30-50% (depending on the type of data).

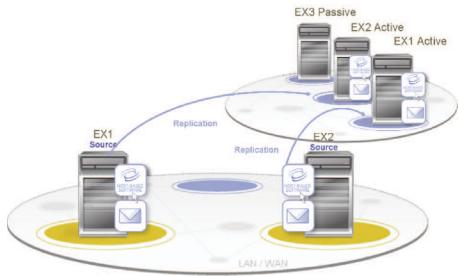


Figure 2: Protecting Exchange

Multi-node Exchange clusters are more and more common and provide an array of benefits that range from being highly available systems to the ability to better manager servers without requiring downtime. However, MSCS still has vulnerabilities because of the single point of failure on the share storage. Should there be an issue with the disk array to which the clusters are attached - there isn't much you can do besides fix the disk as fast as possible. Striping the disks with a RAID 10 configuration will help prevent a disk failure, but not if it is a more severe issue such as a controller card or power supply. However, a co-location would provide another multi-node cluster that is setup and ready to stand in.



Figure 1: How Double-Take works

Using Double-Take on each of the Exchange cluster nodes allows you to avoid a single point of failure. Double-Take real time replication resides on each node and monitors the transactional activity of Exchange mailboxes then replicates those changes to the appropriate node at the co-location facility. Because Double-Take is configured with its own cluster resource, if you have a less severe or node failure, the original node would roll to the available passive node, reconnect and continue replicating the data to the appropriate nodes at the co-location facility.

The Exchange resources remain offline at the co-location facility so the replicated changes of the source server transactions can be applied when they come across.

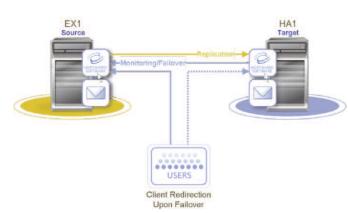
In the event all of the active nodes or the shared storage for those nodes fail, Double-Take provides the ability to seamlessly failover all of the nodes to the standby Exchange cluster at the co-location. Failover monitoring is configured with defined parameters that provide a threshold for when to initiate failover (or determine when a failover condition is met). Should there be an intermittent outage the Double-Take target server will attempt to ping the source server for responses. Should the source server or cluster node not reply within the predetermined number of attempts, a failover condition will be identified. When providing high availability via a WAN it is recommended that you be notified by the Double-Take server that a failover condition has been met, giving you the opportunity to investigate the issue versus automatically proceeding with the failover process. Double-Take can then provide one-click failover to the co-location facility. Double-Take can also provide automatic failover capabilities, however WAN availability and uptime requirements should be considered when deciding whether to use automatic or one-click failover. Double-Take's native SMTP can monitor Double-Take events, send e-mail communication and tie into existing management tools such as SCOM (Microsoft Systems Center Operations Manager).

When choosing one-click failover, Double-Take will provide a message in the management console that a failover condition has been met and prompt you to initiate the failover process. Once you determine that the source cluster failure is severe enough to warrant executing the failover process, simply click "Yes".

With both data centers being in the same AD domain, you have the option of configuring the target Exchange cluster nodes to use the same named EVS (Exchange Virtual Server). One of the benefits of this option is that it doesn't require any Active Directory mailbox redirection (which Double-Take automates for non-clustered Exchange servers). Because the Exchange files are installed with the same virtual name, the only actions that Double-Take will initiate upon failover are starting the EVS on the target cluster and updating DNS if the two data centers are on different IP subnets - allowing Outlook users to automatically re-connect to the Exchange cluster at the co-location facility.

Configuring the Multi-Node Target Cluster

To begin the configuration of the Exchange multi-node target cluster install or configure the Microsoft Cluster service on the target cluster to create a unique cluster name (different than the source) so that it can participate on the network as a separate cluster.



- 1. Create an Exchange Group on the target cluster that matches the name of the Exchange group on the source.
- Configure the disk resource on the target cluster to match the same disk configuration of the source. If the source cluster uses a D, E and F volume for Exchange data then the same disk resources are required on the target cluster.
- 3. Using Windows Add/Remove programs, install SMTP, NNTP, ASP.net and any other tools required by Exchange to be installed.
- 4. Install Microsoft Exchange on the target cluster into the same install path as the source. Apply any necessary hot fixes or service packs to Exchange to ensure that the versions of Exchange are identical.

Figure 3: Exchange cluster-to-cluster replication and failover

Configuring a Like Named Exchange Virtual Server (EVS)

In order to configure the liked name EVS, the source Exchange group should be taken offline and planned for accordingly. Then, take the source Exchange Group offline to enable the creation of the same name on the target cluster. On the target cluster in the Exchange Group, create an IP Address resource and then the identical network name of the source exchange group. It is essential that the Network Name resource be identical as this is the key behind the 'like name' configuration. Under the resource properties, check 'DNS Registration Must Succeed' and 'Enable Kerberos'. In the Exchange Group on the target cluster a Microsoft Exchange System Attendant resource is created. This will configure the EVS on the target cluster using the same configuration as the source EVS. After the resources have been successfully created, bring all of the new Exchange resources online to verify integrity. Once the target EVS configuration is complete, take the target resources offline and bring the source cluster resource back online.

Exchange Maintenance Made Easy - Failover Isn't Just for Disasters Anymore

Now that Exchange clusters exist at both data centers, Double-Take can be used to maximize Exchange uptime during maintenance periods. Because of the service level commitment of the co-location, the data center managers now have the ability to maintain any and all of their servers without interrupting any company operations. Failover isn't just for disasters anymore; Double-Take provides real-time replication between data centers - giving options to the data center managers when more maintenance is required. No longer do managers need to disappear for an entire weekend or upgrade systems in the middle of the night. Failover can be executed from almost anywhere - including home. Because the systems are online at the co-location, once the failover has occurred the IT staff can take as long as needed to upgrade the systems or perform maintenance. More and more companies are failing over their business - critical servers to co-location facilities to perform routine server maintenance. Because most vendors are releasing hot fixes and or service patches once a month, the potential downtime alone for applying these fixes will interrupt your business operations. Multiply that by the number of applications you are running, by the number of operating systems, hardware, networking, communication and you too may wonder how a data center manager keeps any uptime at all.

Guaranteeing Setup and Reducing Duplicated Effort using Full-Server Failover

When a data center has of hundreds of servers how do you guarantee that the co-location setup will function exactly as the production servers? The likelihood of having all of the installation instructions and configuration parameters for all of your production servers is slim. What if one of your vendors is no longer in business or the engineer who wrote the application it is no longer with the company? If that is the case, where do you begin to get that application setup at your co-location facility? Even if you had all the documentation for every application in the data center, the amount of time it would take to just restore those applications to working order could be insurmountable. With Double-Take Full Server Failover and or Server Recovery Option the process is streamlined. Double-Take will replicate the system state with all the program files and apply them to the target server when necessary. The only requirement is that the co-location server has the same base operating system installed that the source production server is running. Using these products will not only reduce the amount of time it takes to create all the applications, it guarantees that the configuration is exactly the same as your production source.

Full-Server Failover

Server consolidation and data center moves can deliver significant benefits – including cost savings, enhanced business continuity, optimized service management, and improved regulatory compliance. With the flexibility of Double-Take and the Full-Server Failover feature's ability to work on all different applications, data center managers will be able to use Double-Take for a complete data center move with almost zero down time.

Replication, Consolidation and Data Center Migrations

The argument for consolidating servers from remote branches into a primary location could go either way. Some members of your team may say that distributing your environment is the best way to plan for a regional disaster. The others may say the more distributed you are the more you are at risk for interruptions. Whichever side you are on, you can hardly disagree that consolidating helps you manage your environment more efficiently. Especially if during the consolidation process you are virtualizing machines to help reduce overall data center requirements and logistics. And, managing you environment more efficiently can only help you resume business operations more quickly. Duplicating your data center cost can be reduced dramatically via virtualization and replication technology. By virtualizing, you can cut the cost of duplicating a data center in half by reducing the amount of hardware, space and power needed to resume business operations.

Moving to the Suburbs: Sonnenschein's Story

As a Double-Take customer, Sonnenschein was very happy with the flexibility and reliability of Double-Take during the centralization of their Exchange environment and decided to look at using it for their big move to a new data center in the Chicago suburbs.

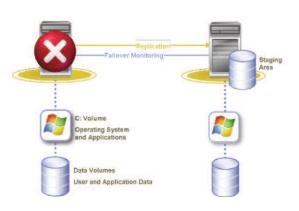


Figure 4: Replication and Failover Monitoring

With replication and failover up and running between Chicago and their colocation site in Indiana for a little over a year, Sonnenschein made the decision to move their data center from downtown Chicago to a suburban site. Prior to the move, Eric Anderson, Director of Technical Services, and his team started failing systems over in advance to the Indiana co-location site to minimize the risk of downtime. When it was all said and done, the impact to users was minimal compared to the outages typically encountered with a data center move. Full-Server Failover allowed Sonnenschein to completely replicate the OS, applications, and data to duplicate servers at their co-location data center so there was no manual application build of those servers. Once all of the new servers were online in the Indiana data center, replication was connected from the Indiana site to the current Chicago data center. Then, with the co-location site running as the entire production data center during the move from Chicago to the suburban facility, there was little to no downtime in the environment during the data center migration. Using Double-Take, Sonnenschein has been able to create a true "dual data" center topography with either site able to take over production roles at the click of a button.

"Using Double-Take made moving our data center much more transparent to our user community, and easier as we reduced many of the risks associated with data center moves." said Anderson.

High Availability for Legal Document Management Applications

Documents are the lifeline for any law firm and the ability for those documents to be shared, updated, transferred and archived for legal and compliance purposes is critical. Any downtime for an application such as Elite, a widely used time billing system within law firms, can easily cause an immediate loss of productivity and revenue. In addition, most document management systems usually have a front-end application server and a backend database server following the typical client-server design. Some will also have a web front-end server running SharePoint® Services for access or workflow routing. Double-Take Application Manager is perfectly designed for this configuration. With inherent support for Microsoft SQL, File Servers and SharePoint Servers, the entire document management system can be easily configured for high availability and maximize d productivity.

For example, one Double-Take customer needed to keep backups of all of their data for two weeks at each of the branch law offices along with two months of data at their co-location facility. The challenge they faced was the online backup systems that rarely completed, and if they did complete it was often with errors; there was never a high degree of confidence that the data could actually be restored. Double-Take not only allowed them to confidently replicate their data to a location where it could be backed up, but failover monitoring at the co-locations was configured to provide a highly available system. The seamless integration with Double-Take Microsoft VSS also provided the level of operational recovery they needed to be able to retrieve specific versioning of files when necessary.

With the need for a centralized management system and a true business continuity plan focused on uptime Sonnenshein looked to ILTA³ for some advice.

"ILTA is a collegial group of members. We all talk. It quickly became clear that Double-Take Software had a great reputation in the group," said Anderson. "Due to its strong relationship with ILTA and its members, Double-Take Software immediately made the short list for possible solutions."

3. ILTA is the premier peer networking organization, providing information to members to maximize the value of technology in the support of the legal profession (see www.ILTAnet.org)

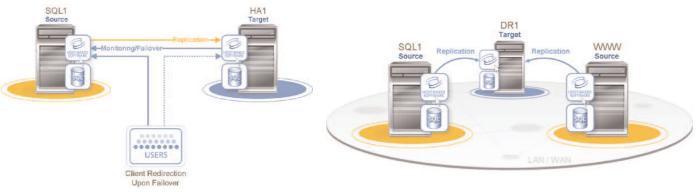


Figure 5: High Availability

Summary

A Business Continuity Plan is certainly an important part of the justification for a co-location facility. But the plan and co-location alone won't maximize data center uptime. Flexibility in the types of controls that are implemented will be critical to your ability to provide server migration, consolidation, high availability and overall ease of management. Double-Take Software suite of server and operational recovery products not only will provide the technology necessary to deploy, move and migrate a duplicate data center, it also provides ease of management and the peace of mind to know that critical systems will be able to fully protect even the smallest interruption, whether planned or unplanned. And - long after your co-location is deployed Double-Take will continue to provide fast, efficient and effective business continuity.

About Double-Take® Software

Headquartered in Southborough, Massachusetts, Double-Take® Software (Nasdaq: DBTK) is a leading provider of affordable software for recoverability, including continuous data replication, application availability and system state protection. Double-Take Software products and services enable customers to protect and recover business-critical data and applications such as Microsoft Exchange, SQL, and SharePoint in both physical and virtual environments. With its unparalleled partner programs, technical support, and professional services, Double-Take Software is the solution of choice for more than ten thousand customers worldwide, from SMEs to the Fortune 500. Information about Double-Take Software's products and services can be found at www.doubletake.com.

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